



Medium -Term Planning 'Maths Map' Are you properly equipped for your journey yet?

Sorting and Classifying

Planning format developed by Karen

I O N

Wilding. www.eymaths.co.uk

End destination – Children will be able to sort and classify objects or numbers using one or more common attributes. They will be able to suggest reasons for their decisions.

1. Check Your facts	2. Secure Your Expert Language!	3. Predict the
Subject knowledge References:	Key language AND definitions so everyone is consistent.	Hazards and
		Opportunities! Identify the misconceptions and remember these are VERY valuable teaching opportunities.
Karen Wilding <u>www.eymaths.co.uk</u>	Sorting - arrange a group into a specific way – with a common attribute	Help children to see that sorting is relevant and is
First Maths Glossary DK – page 28-29	Set – a group of objects which have a common attribute	meaningful by using it in
(comparison)	Classifying /Classification – The identification of an object by	e.g. tidving, snack time.
Learning trajectories – Classification and Data	specific attributes, such as colour, texture, shape or size Equal is equal to 'being the same in quantity,	recycling.
(learningtraiectories.org)	size, degree or value	Avoid overly directing
And Comparing Numbers Comparing Number		sorting activities and using
(learningtrajectories.org)	Harris(2013) Classifying and sorting involves 3 steps	closed questions.
	1.Children decide which characteristics to sort by	
Big Ideas of Early Mathematics- Erikson.	2.Children physically sort the objects	





Medium Term Planning Maths – Sorting and Classifying

Chapter 1 - Sets: Using Attributes to make collections

<u>Erikson article about Sets</u> https://earlymath.erikson.edu/modules/sets/ ?fwp_ formats=video&fwp_found=sets

Website on classification and sorting : <u>https://justifyingplaybased.weebly.com/classi</u> fying-- sorting.html

<u>Some activity ideas for sorting</u> White Rose Maths – Just Like Me https://whiterosemaths.com/resources/earlyyears-resources/reception-sol/ Erikson Big Ideas of Early Mathematics p.22 Table1.1. Sorting Progression 1.Exact matching 2.Sorting by a single attribute 3.Binary sort (red/not red) 4.Multiple set sort (sort by colour and then sort by size) 5.Compare sets- Which has more?

3. They can provide and describe their rational for their classifications

Big ideas about sets (Erikson): Attributes can be used to sort collections into sets (e.g. colour, size, shape) The same collection can be sorted in different ways.(red bears/blue bears big bears/little bears) Sets can be compared and ordered. (There are more red bears than blue bears/ small -medium- big bears)

Suggested questions:

Can you find one that is the same as this/matches this one?" Which ones belong together? Which ones are the same? Which one does not belong here? Which one is different? Which ones are similar? What else would go in this group/set? What is the sorting rule? How

did you sort them?

Use "more/fewer" (not less) when comparing sets of objects. Encourage children to subitise smaller groups of objects.

Develop noticing skills to enable children to look more closely at the objects they are sorting.

Ensure children justify their reason for classifying the objects in a specific way.





4. Identify Your		5. Build Essential		6. Sharpen Those Tools!		
'Vehicles/Hooks'		Connections!		List the activities that will give children the opportunity to		
What have the children shown you		Which other existing		focus upon and become skilful in using specific tools. Use		
they are interested in that you can		mathematical tools will they		hyperlinks, images of tasks, book names and page		
use to engage their interest and		need to bring out and use				
build upon what they already		here? Make these neutral.				
understand?						
 Filling containers Stacking blocks and objects Sorting loose parts and natural objects Sorting land/sea animals Tidying up – matching objects to the shelf shadows Story voting – using ten frames 		 Noticing similarities and differences (link with UW) Comparing and using language relating to size, colour, length, shapes etc. 	Sorting natural objects Image: Constraint of the second of t			
	 Making decisions Explaining choices Subitising Comparing- Which group has more/fewer? Problem-solving 	and everyday resources				

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 7. 'Concrete' Experiences 'Walk the Walk' 'They need to hold the maths in their hands before they can hold it in their heads'. Plan the hands-on experiences. Move from 'Real World' to 'Maths World'. 	 Creating Representations 'Capture the experience using an Image!' (Pictorial) Capture the experiences using meaningful and generalised representations. 	 9. Translate the Experience into 'Abstract' Symbols How are these experiences recorded using mathematical words and symbols?
Concrete real world	Pictorial Real World	
Concrete maths world	Concrete maths world	





End Point - What do I want the children to understand and be able to do? Long Term aims for sorting and classifying – Nursery/Reception
Children choose their own common attribute and sort resources
Children sort objects using given criteria

- Children sort objects using given criteria
- Children hone their noticing skills in order to find common attributes
- Children notice similarities and differences
- •

Characters of Effective Learning – How do young children learn best?

Playing and exploring – engagement	Active learning – motivation	Creating and thinking critically – thinking
Finding out and exploring	Being involved and concentrating	Having their own ideas
Playing with what they know	Keeping trying	Making links
Being willing to 'have a go'	Enjoying achieving what they set out to do	Choosing ways to do things

Children's interests – What are this group of children motivated by? What areas interest them? How are these children engaged in their learning? What do they love to do? When are they at their most happiest?





DUCATION

Steps needed	Adult led/provocations/enhancements	Continuous Provision areas